

FCH JU Support to Electrolysis in view of 2050 Decarbonisation Targets

> Nikolaos Lymperopoulos

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## **FUEL CELLS AND HYDROGEN** JOINT UNDERTAKING



## Strong public-private partnership with a focused objective

EU Institutional Public-Private Partnership (IPPP)



To implement an *optimal research and innovation programme* to bring FCH technologies to the point of market readiness by 2020







## **FCH JU programme implementation**

#### Energy

- Hydrogen production and distribution
- Hydrogen storage for renewable energy integration
- Fuel cells for power & combined heat & power generation

#### Transport

- **Road vehicles**
- Non-road vehicles and machinery
- **Refuelling infrastructure**
- Maritime rail and aviation applications  $\bigcirc$

#### **Cross-cutting**

E.g. standards, safety, education, consumer awareness ...



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244 projects supported for 893 M€

Similar leverage of other sources of funding: 892 M€





### **Hydrogen for Sectorial Integration**

Well-positioned FCH JU objectives & budget

**Increase efficiency** and reduce costs of H<sub>2</sub> production, mainly from water electrolysis and renewables

M£

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Related FCH JU Objectives

**Demonstrate on a large scale** H<sub>2</sub>'s capacity to harness power from renewables and support its integration into the energy system













### **Hydrogen Production Technical Coverage**

95% of FCH JU support to green Hydrogen production













### **Electrolysis Research and Demonstration**

The potential of Hydrogen for the greening of industry has lead to fast capacity increase and cost reduction

#### **Electrolysers, M€ FCH JU support**

**31 Projects** 











## **2016: Greening the Steel Industry**

The H2Future Project: Producing green H<sub>2</sub> from hydro power, Injecting in steel industry, providing grid services





Co-ordinated by Verbund (electricity company of Austria) 6MW PEM atmospheric electrolyser by Siemens Installed in voestalpine (steel industry) in Linz H<sub>2</sub> injected in coke oven gas. Long term view is **direct iron ore reduction through H2** Favourable electricity tariffs in Austria for electrolysers Steel industry a great proponent of green H<sub>2</sub> at Commission level









FUTURE Green Hydrogen







## **2016: Greening the Food Industry**

The Demo4Grid Project: Producing green H2 from hydro power, combustion in boiler of food industry



Hosted by Mpreis (food industry, lirol) 4MW alkaline electrolyser by IHT H<sub>2</sub> 4 Heat, H2 4 Transport **TRL 6-8** 



Pressurized ALK (approx. 4 MW power intake; 1.840 kg  $H_2/day @30 bar)$ 



Buffer storage @ 30 bar, 300 m<sup>3</sup>

Thermal usage of H<sub>2</sub> in bakery/production plant (H<sub>2</sub>-burner, 2MW) Efficiency >95% ELY thermal energy production is utilized







# **2017: Greening the Refining Industry**

The Refhyne Project: Producing green H<sub>2</sub> from renewables, displacing grey SMR hydrogen





- 10MW PEM electrolyser by ITM Power installed in Shell refinery in Wesseling, Germany
- 3 A/cm<sup>2</sup>, 30bar
- H<sub>2</sub> fed to existing pipeline grid and load balancing services
- Displacing 1% of 180,000 tons annual consumption











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# **Greening the Refining Industry**

Green H<sub>2</sub> attractive for refineries in terms of CO2 avoidance costs





BP Europa SE





Ref: Enno Harks, **BP Europa SE** 

bp





Developed with an industry coalition – Available @ www.fch.Europa.eu





- Study by the FCH JU, supported by Hydrogen Europe and 17 companies and organizations along the whole value chain of hydrogen
- First comprehensive quantified European perspective for deployment of hydrogen and fuel cells in two scenarios
  - Ambitious, yet realistic two-degree scenario and business-as-usual scenario
  - Long-term potential
  - Roadmap with intermediate milestones
  - Recommendations to kickstart





Managing variable renewables requires H<sub>2</sub>







H<sub>2</sub> and FCs meet customer preferences





Hydrogen and fuel cells are compatible with

Hydrogen is the best or only choice for at-scale decarbonization of key segments





2 DS = degree scenario

SOURCE: IEA Energy Technology Perspectives 2017; Hydrogen Roadmap Europe team



#### Hydrogen can close half of the gap towards 2DS





#### Hydrogen decarbonization levers

g (DRI) anol, ()		Power generation	<ul> <li>Integration of renewables into the power sector<sup>2</sup></li> <li>Power generation from renewable resources</li> </ul>
		Transportation	<ul> <li>Replacement of combustion engines with FCEVs, in particular in buses and trucks, taxis and vans as well as larger passenger vehicles</li> <li>Decarbonization of aviation fuel through synthetic fuels based on hydrogen</li> <li>Replacement of diesel-powered trains and oil-powered ships with hydrogen fuel-cell-powered units</li> </ul>
		Heating and power for buildings	<ul> <li>Decarbonization of natural gas grid through blending</li> <li>Upgrade of natural gas to pure hydrogen grid</li> </ul>
		Industry heat	<ul> <li>Replacement of natural gas for process heat</li> </ul>
		Industry feedstock	<ul> <li>Switch from blast furnace to DRI steel</li> <li>Replacement of natural gas as feedstock in combination with CCU</li> </ul>

12-degree scenario 2 Please see the chapter on renewables and power for information on the role of hydrogen as enabler of a renewable power system. The "enabled" carbon abatement from renewables is not included here and is





Besides CO<sub>2</sub> abatement, deployment of H<sub>2</sub> also cuts local emissions, creates new markets and secures sustainable employment in Europe

2050 hydrogen vision



of final energy demand<sup>1</sup>

annual  $CO_2$ abatement<sup>2</sup> annual revenue (hydrogen and equipment)

1 Including feedstock 2 Compared to the reference technology scenario 3 Excluding indirect effects SOURCE: Hydrogen Roadmap Europe team











~15%



~5.4m

reduction of local emissions (NO<sub>x</sub>) relative to road transport

jobs (hydrogen, equipment, supplier industries)<sup>3</sup>



### Summary

Sectorial integration, Energy storage, Decarbonizing industry & the Gas grid: mainstream energy policy terms



H<sub>2</sub>: important component for deep decarbonisation – Electrolyser: key technology



FCH JU: continuous support of Industry and Researchers in moving electrolysers from kW to MW, improving performance & reducing costs



A recent  $H_2$  roadmap concludes that by 2050  $H_2$  techs can cover 24% of the total energy demand, reducing CO<sub>2</sub> by 560Mtn/a and creating 5.4M jobs in the EU





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#### Nikolaos Lymperopoulos

Project Officer Nikolaos.Lymperopoulos@fch.europa.eu

#### For further information

www.fch.europa.eu



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