

# Advisory Group meeting

# **Agenda**

TIME	AGENDA ITEM						
14:30 - 14:40	Welcome						
	Antonio De La Torre, Chief Technology Officer (SGRE)						
14:40 - 15:00	ETIPWind 2019 Work Programme						
14.40 - 15.00	Aidan Cronin, Chair of the ETIPWind Executive Committee						
	Technology Roadmap						
15:00 - 15:50	<ul> <li>Presentation by the secretariat on drafting process and objectives;</li> </ul>						
	Advisory Group feedback.						
15:50 - 16:00	Break						
	A 100% renewables-based energy system						
16:00 16:20	Presentation by Jochen Kreusel, Market Innovation Manager (ABB); and						
16:00 - 16:30	Roundtable discussion on possible common initiatives to increase the share of wind power in						
	the energy system.						
	Increasing the impact of the European Wind Energy Sector						
16:30 - 17:30	Presentation by Antonio De La Torre, Chief Technology Officer (SGRE); and						
	Roundtable discussion on areas suited to cross-sector collaboration.						
17:30 - 17:45	WindEurope: 2019 strategic objectives and policy milestones						
17:30 - 17:45	Pierre Tardieu, Chief Policy Officer (WindEurope)						
17:45 - 18:00	Conclusions and next steps						
17:45 - 18:00	Aidan Cronin, Chair of the ETIPWind Executive Committee						
18:00	End of meeting						
18:00 - 18:30	Transfer to WindEurope Members' Reception						



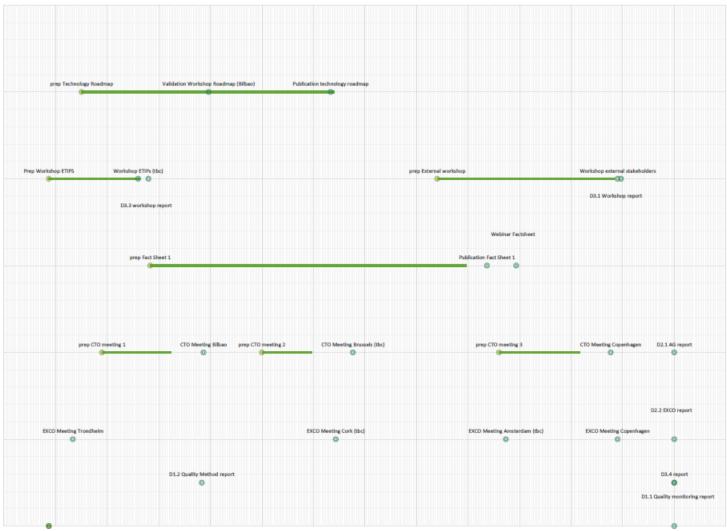


# ETIPWind

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# 2019 Work programme

## 2019 Work Programme (1)





## 2019 Work Programme (2)

- 15/01 Technology Roadmap kick-off (Trondheim).
- 21/02 Power-2-X workshop (Brussels).
- 01/04 Advisory Group meeting (Bilbao).
- 04/04 Technology Roadmap workshop (Bilbao).
- 30/06 Technology Roadmap publication.
- 05/09 Advisory Group Meeting (Brussels tbc).
- 15/09 Factsheet 1 publication & webinar.
- 25/11 Advisory Group meeting (Copenhagen tbc).
- XX/11 Workshop (Copenhagen).



## **Engaging the wider energy R&I community**

IRENA launches report on integration of variable renewables









#### Monday 18 March 201

EU Energy players discuss energy sector synergies and how to leverage new clean energy technologies in an integrated system

The European Technology and Innovation Platform for Smart Networks in Energy Transition held a highlevel workshop on how to leverage the latest clean energy technologies and energy system initiatives to achieve energy systems synergies and decarbonisation in line with the EITP SNET Vision 2050.

Bussels, 14 March 2013. The ETIP SNET workshop "Leveraging the Cliene Energy Technologies Potential through Integration into an Efficient System" twought regarder registers and stakeholders of the different energy systems across Europe to discuss the achievements and challenges of the integration of the electricity herewise with other energy carriers (gas, heating, cooling, water, transport etc.) and how to enhance the synergies between them in view of an overall optimisation and an acceleration of the decarbonisation process.



Energy Transition Week 2019: 25-29 March

26 March: Energy Transition Conference

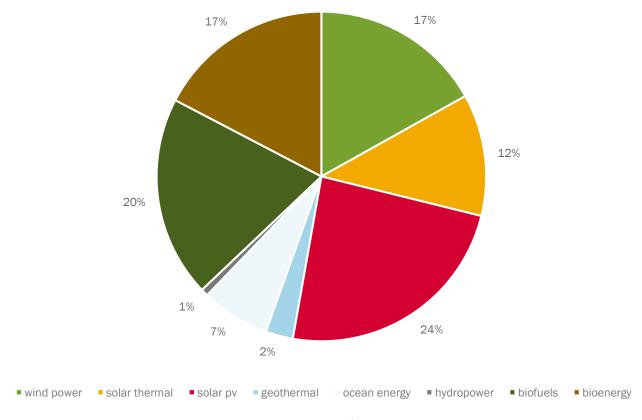




etipwind.eu

## EU spending on renewable energy R&I\*

EU funding on RES in framework programmes from 1998 - 2016





\*Analysis of EU spending in Framework Programmes (FP5 – H2020) performed by Trinomics on behalf of the European Commission.

## **EU** spending on renewable energy R&I\*

	wind power	solar thermal	solar pv	geothermal	ocean energy	hydropower	biofuels	bioenergy
EU funding in million €	565	400	800	90	225	24	660	580
% electricity consumption (2016)	9.6	0.17	3.6	0.21	0	10	0	5.4
% heat consumption (2016)	0	0.4	0	0.15	0	0	0	17
turnover in billion € (2016)	40	3.4	11	1	0	8	13	40
average exports in billion € (2011 – 2016)	9	2	5	0.25	0	0.56	5.5	6
Number of EU jobs (2016)	300,000		100,000				205,100	





# Update on Horizon Europe -R&I funding 2021-2027

## Horizon Europe – a provisional deal



#### General features

- 35% earmarking for climate action.
- 1 climate, energy & mobility cluster.
- More emphasis on "widening" and bridging the R&I divide.
- Exact budget to be defined later on (at the end of the year).

# Fast track to research & innovation instrument

- Bottom-up application process.
- 6 months to grant.
- 6 partners maximum.
- Maximum EU contribution of 2.5 million.

#### Strategic planning

- Basis for the work programmes.
- Looking up to 4 years ahead.
- Mandatory multi-stakeholder consultation process.
- To be approved by Member State representatives.

#### Missions



- Adapting to climate change.
- Cancer.
- Healthy oceans, seas, coastal and inland waters.
- Climate-neutral and smart cities.
- Soil health and food.



### **Horizon Europe – rationalising partnerships**

#### Horizon 2020

- 17 public private partnerships
  - 7 Joint Technology Initiatives and Joint Undertakings.
  - 10 Contractual Public-Private Partnerships (cPPPs).
- 50 or more public –
   public partnerships
  - ERA-NETs, Joint Programming Initiatives, EUREKA...

#### **Horizon Europe**

- 8 strategic areas suited for partnerships
  - Health.
  - Key digital & enabling technologies.
  - Metrology.
  - Air traffic, aviation and rail.
  - Bio-based industries.
  - Hydrogen & energy storage.
  - Mobility.
  - SMEs.



Name of partnership	Туре	Total budget	EU Budget	Private Budget	Sector
Innovative Medicine Initiative (IMI2)	JU	3,276	1,638	1,638	Health
Fuel Cell & Hydrogen (FCH2)	JU	1,300	665	665	Hydrogen
Clear Sky (CS2)	JU	4,000	1,800	2,200	Aviation
Bio Based Industries (BBI)	JU	3,700	975	2,730	Bio industry
Electronic components & systems for European leadership (ECSEL)	JU	5,000	1,180	2,340	Electronics
Shift-2-Rail (S2R)	JU	920	450	470	Rail
Sesar2020	JU	1,500	500	1,000	Air traffic
Factories of the Future (FoF)	cPPP		1,150		Manufacturing
Energy Efficient Buildings (EEB)	сРРР		600		Buildings
European green vehicle initiative (EGVI)	сРРР	1,500	750	750	Automotive
Sustainable Process Industry through Resource and Energy Efficiency (SPIRE)	cPPP		900		Process industry
Photonics21	сРРР	3,500	700	2,800	Photonics
EuRobotics	сРРР	2,700	700	2,000	Robotics
High Performance Computing (HPC)	cPPP	1,400	700	700	ICT
Cybersecurity (ECSO)	cPPP	1,800	450	1,350	ICT
Big Data Value (BDV)	cPPP	2,500	500	2,00	ICT

## **Horizon Europe – next steps**

#### **European Parliament**

- ITRE committee vote this week (01-02 April).
- Plenary vote in week of 15-19 April.



#### **Council of the EU**

- COREPER (permanent representatives) vote 29 March or 03 April.
- (Council meets in May).

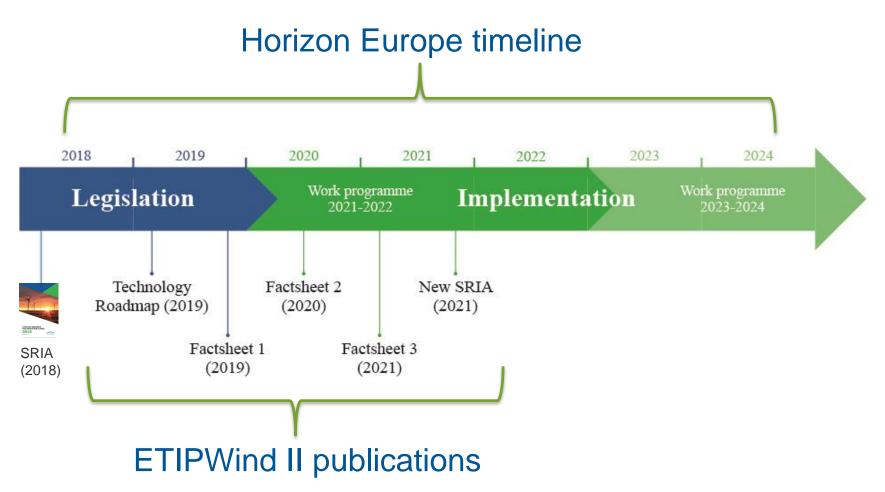






# Technology roadmap

## **Technology Roadmap & Horizon Europe**





### Technology Roadmap - Timeline (indicative)





## **Technology Roadmap**

#### 6 pillars

- Grid & system integration;
- Operations & maintenance;
- Next generation technologies;
- Offshore balance of plant,
- Floating wind;
- Human resources.

#### 11 challenges

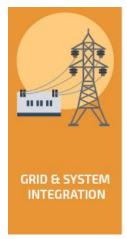
- E.g Cost competitiveness of the European industry; and
- E.g. Attract and ret(r)ain talent in Europe.

#### 65+ research topics

- Criticality to the sector; and
- Urgency of action.



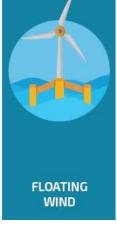
#### **Task Force leaders**























## **Research priority ID-kit (template)**

Inse	ert name of the To	Insert "urgency"	Insert "criticality"	
Part A: generic description im et velit aeterno. His ea r Cum in brute impedit, vel e Placerat disputando ad vim  Part B: specific research ac  ad veniam atomorum vo  sea ne quaestio adipisci  Prima qualisque necessi	molestie incorrupte. Sumo delitr laudem ocurreret an, at a, simul disputationi nec ea. I etions (100 words max) coluptatibus pro, ng. itatibus ne est, corper, augue simul id vim.	<ul> <li>MILESTONES</li> <li>Vel splendide moderation</li> <li>Pro eros vidisse deserun</li> <li>te cum modo mollis</li> </ul>		
COST REDUCTION	GRID INTEGRATION	EU LEADERSHIP	FUNDING	WHO LEADS



## Impact criteria – to be defined

- Retaining EU technology leadership in the global market.
  - How will developing this technology strengthen the EU wind energy sector?
  - What is the market potential and what is the state-of-art?
- Towards wind energy being competitive in a merchant price world.
  - How will this technology drive costs down and how much?
- Providing 30% of power demand by 2030.
  - How will this technology help the final use of wind power?





# A 100% renewables-based energy system



# Increasing the impact of the European wind energy sector



# WindEurope: 2019 strategic objectives and policy milestones

### **EU Presidencies**







# 29 March/12 April



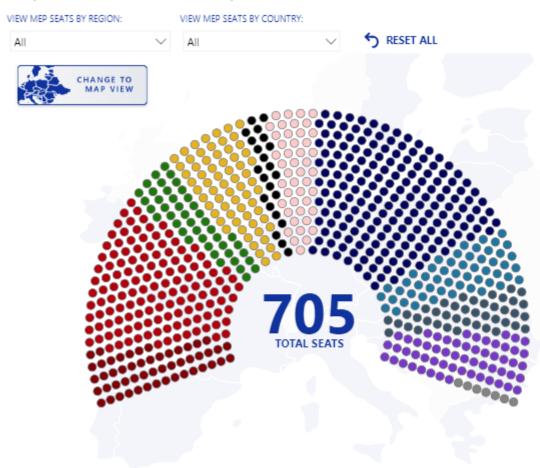
## Commission comments on draft National Energy & Climate Plans



## **European elections: 23-26 May**

#### PROJECTED COMPOSITION OF THE NEXT EU PARLIAMENT

Last updated 28 Jan 2019. Click on one or more parties to build a coalition.



Number of seats by group and change compared to present

European People's Party (EPP)	↓ 183 ↓ ₃6
Progressive Alliance of Socialists and Democrats (S&D)	↓ 134 ↓ 54
Alliance of Liberals and Democrats for Europe (ALDE)	<b>66</b> ↓ 2
Europe of Nations and Freedom (ENF)	58 ↑ 23
European Conservatives and Reformists (ECR)	↓ <b>53</b>
European United Left/Nordic Green Left (GUE/NGL)	52 ↑ 1
New parties	<b>45</b> ↑ 45
The Greens/ European Free Alliance (Greens-EFA)	<b>44</b> ↓ 8
Europe of Freedom and Direct Democracy (EFDD)	↓ 41 ↓ 1
La République en marche	<b>22</b> ↑ 22
Non-attached Members	<b>7</b> ↓ 16

## **20-21 June European Council**

EPP **Manfred Weber** 

Social Democrats

Frans Timmermans





# **Hearings of European Commission nominees**



#### 31 December



## **Big WindEurope events**



WG Chairs' meeting: 30

Jan

CEO retreat: 28

Feb/1March



New Chair: 6 March



Bilbao 2019: 2-4

**April** 

Open day: 25

June

Copenhagen 2019: 26-28

Nov







# 1. Electrification, decarbonisation, increasing demand for wind energy

- Shaping the National Energy and Climate Plans EU Member
   States are now preparing to ensure they push electrification
- The need to drive the narrative on the renewables-based electrification of transport, buildings and industrial processes
- The need to operationalise the renewables-based electrification agenda



# 2. End-of-life, repowering and recycling etc.

- The prospect that 22 GW of existing wind farms in Europe will be more than 20 years old by 2022 and the need to preserve existing sites
- The need to facilitate lifetime extension
- The prospect that 10 GW of old turbines will be dismantled between 2018 and 2022 without lifetime extension and the need to maximise the rate of repowering
- The need to scale up the recycling of decommissioned blades and other equipment including by working with the waste disposal and other sectors
- The need to get our supply chain producing more recyclable components



# 3. Revenue - auction design, new business models (e.g. corporate renewable PPAs)

- The importance of long term revenue stability to securing investments and minimising capital costs and the crucial role of good auction design
- The need to ensure a robust carbon price to incentivise investments in renewables
- The crucial role of the EU State Aid Guidelines and DG COMP in shaping national auctions and other Renewable Energy policies
- The need to promote the development of Corporate renewable
   PPAs and green sourcing strategies



# 4. Competitiveness (cost reduction, trade, R&D) (1/2)

- The need to secure significant volumes for the further build-out of wind to 2030
- The increasing scrutiny, as a result of auctions, from National Governments and stakeholders on wind energy costs
- The impact of international competition and the need to uphold fair trade, and maximise support for EU wind exports from financial institutions
- The need to ensure the supply chain is able to support significant expansion of wind and sources materials and components sustainably
- The need to engage financial institutions to develop and deploy the most effective financial instruments for spreading and mitigating risk



# 4. Competitiveness (cost reduction, trade, R&D) (2/2)

- The need to maximise EU public R&D expenditure on wind energy and ensure it is spent in the right way
- The need to ensure priorities for publicly funded wind R&D across Europe effectively address the evolving needs of the sector
- The need to ensure the European wind industry secures maximum possible value from whatever R&D budget is available to it
- The need to ensure academic work on wind across Europe reflects as close as possible the operational needs of the industry



# 5. System integration and digitalization (1/2)

- The need to ensure maximum possible flexibility in electricity demand and for the energy system to accommodate large volumes of wind energy
- The need to ensure the electricity system and markets are fit for variable renewables to accommodate very high penetration rates of wind energy
- The reality that grid infrastructure is not expanding as fast as needed, offshore and onshore
- The need to accelerate the decommissioning of inefficient, polluting power plants



# 5. System integration and digitalization (2/2)

- The need to deploy a consistent message on system integration costs
- The need to ensure the wind industry fully leverages digitalization including to support enhanced system integration of variable renewables
- The need to address cybersecurity challenges to the integrity of wind assets and the grid
- The need for countries to work together regionally on grids, regulations, auction timing, standards - in support of further expansion of wind
- The possibility of a No-deal Brexit



# 6. Co-existence and public engagement

- The need to minimise permitting restrictions on the further expansion of wind
- The need to ensure effective community engagement and maximise support from communities and more broadly from society for wind energy projects
- The need to ensure maximum possible support from military, civil aviation authorities, fishing and shipping industries for further expansion of wind
- The need to ensure **planning** from National Governments factor in the large scale deployment of wind energy



#### **National Plans**





### **Communications**







# Conclusions & Next steps



# End of meeting